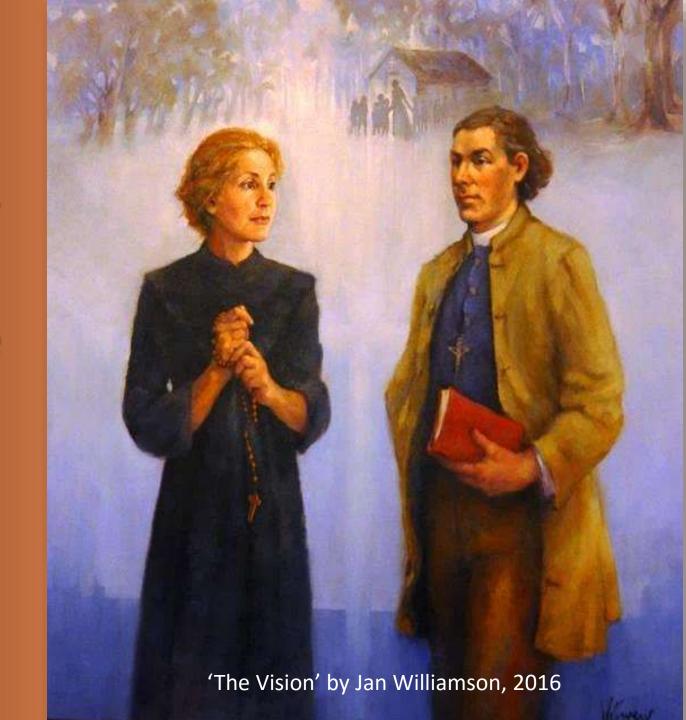
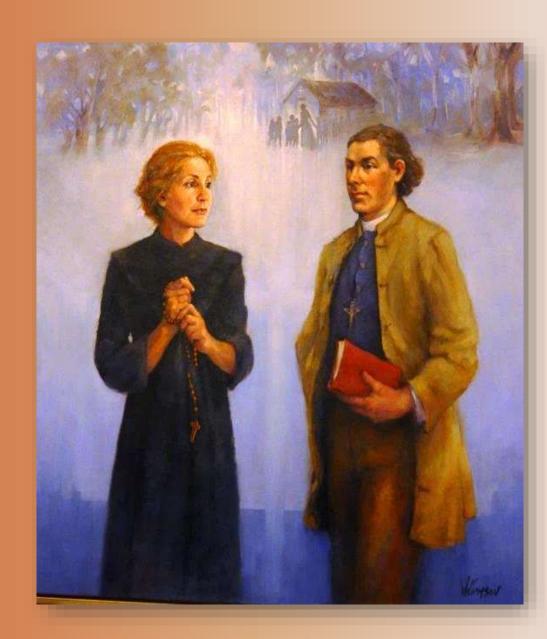
Our early
Josephite
History



We were founded with vision and courage precisely to undertake a new experiment: to live as religious had not lived before, and to work under conditions they had not experienced before. The first Sisters of St Joseph sensed the spirit of a new world in a way that has left its mark on the history of Australia and New Zealand.

Our Constitutions A Future and A Hope

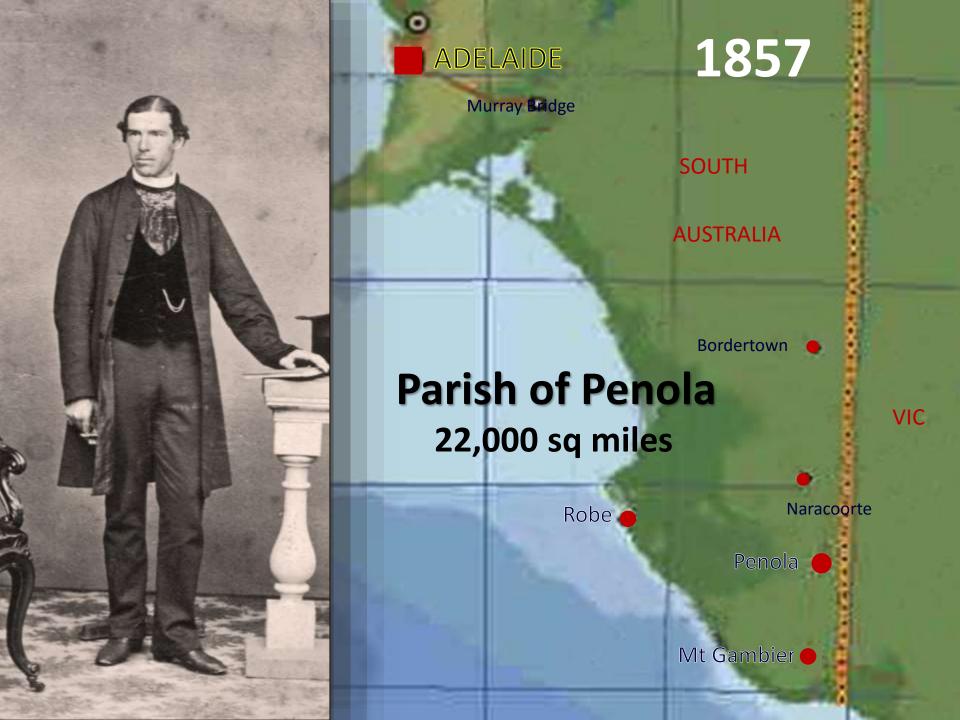




Fr Julian Tenison Woods

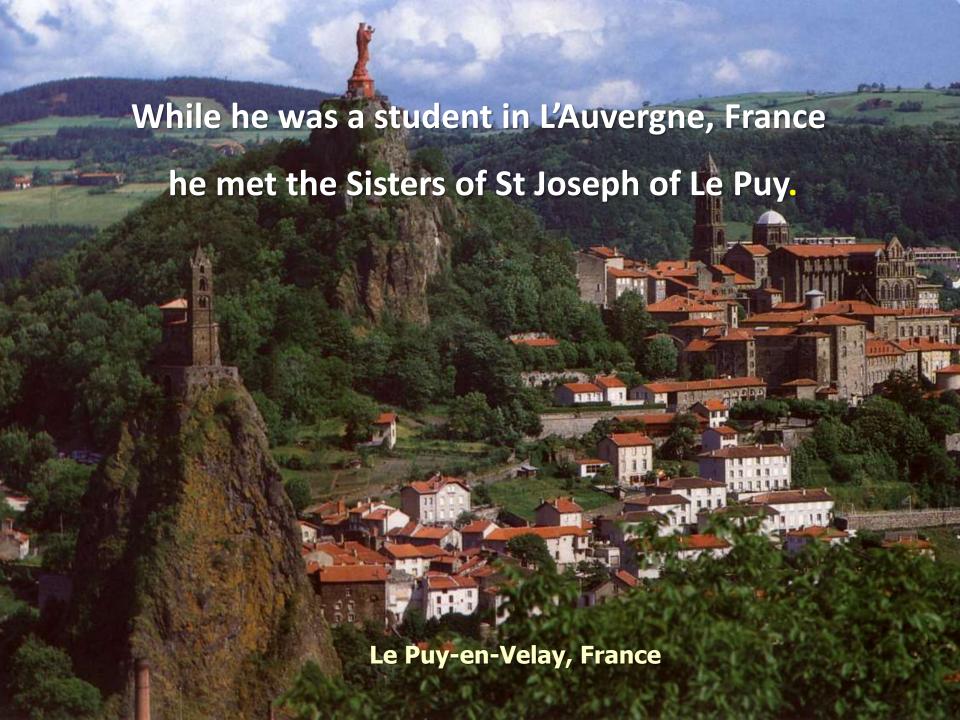
Parish Priest of Penola

'A man of remarkable and creative mind'
gifted preacher, missioner, scientist, educator,
writer, public speaker, artist, musician ...
founder of religious orders.



As Fr Woods travelled his vast parish on horseback, he dreamt of having Religious Sisters "who would live poorly and would go into remote parts of the colony and give proper religious instruction to poor scattered children" J T Woods, Memoirs

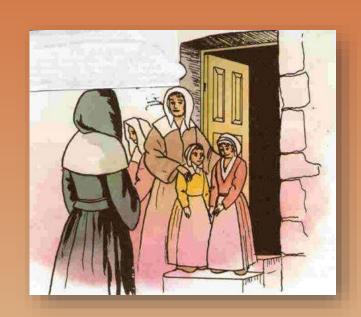




"The daughters of farmers and humble people, they were not highly educated, nor probably very refined, but they lived a life of great edification, in poverty and humility

... and there was no fine ladyism about them"

J T Woods, Memoirs



Mary MacKillop

was born in Melbourne in 1842



At 18 she moved to Penola to be governess for her uncle's children.

There she met Fr Tenison Woods and shared with him her dream of being a religious



"I have such an earnest longing for the Order of St Joseph ...

none other is so fitted for the wants of this Colony

but unless Sisters come from France,
it will be long before there are enough of us
for the work that is to be done".

Letter to her mother 1865





Also in 1866, three new dioceses were created in NSW





"The cares of my weighty position press on me.

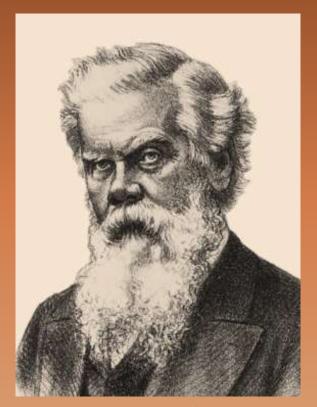
The thought of the length and breadth, the roughness and toughness of this diocese often overwhelm me"

Written to his sister in Ireland 1867

In 1866 also, under the leadership of Henry Parkes the NSW Public Schools Act was passed.

This was the first step towards free, compulsory, secular education in NSW

- and withdrawal of State Aid for church schools



Henry Parkes

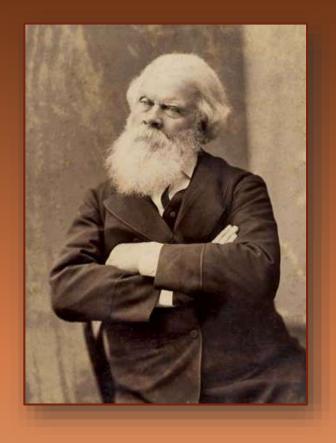
1880 Public Instruction Bill

Henry Parkes, Colonial Secretary for NSW



FREE
COMPULSORY
SECULAR
EDUCATION

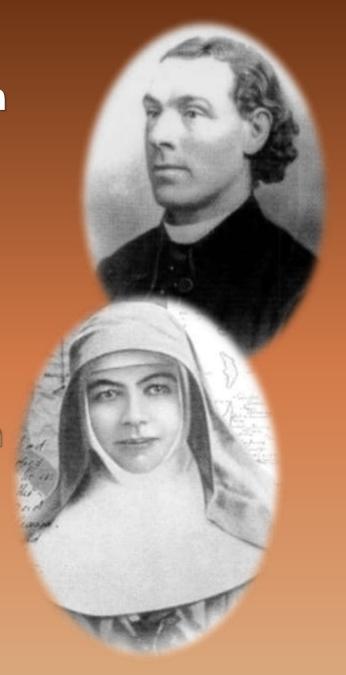


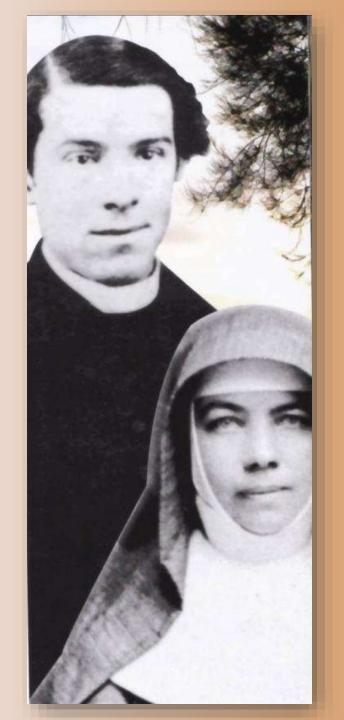


Government aid was withdrawn from all denominational schools by end of 1882.

The most far-reaching solution to the education dilemma ... came not from the bishops, but from the pastoral ranks, where Father Tenison Woods' inspiration had given direction to Mary McKillop's gifts.

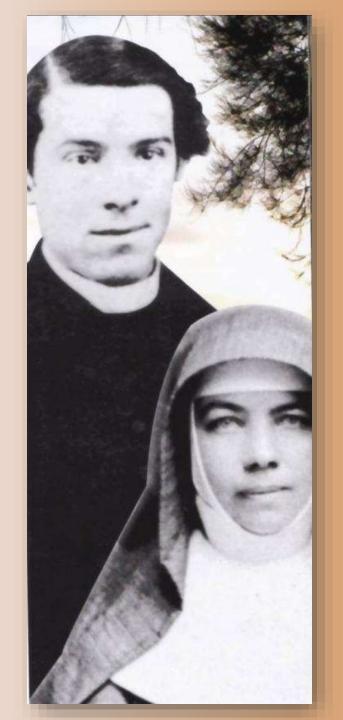
Sr Margaret Press rsj





"The Sisters must be ready to go wherever they are sent ... they must be prepared to take charge of schools in any district, no matter how poor, and they may live in any house they may get, no matter how small, bare or dilapidated"

Fr JT Woods, Book of Instructions 1870



"Give us children to educate and instruct and if we have to live in a shed and sleep on the ground such inconveniences should make our courage rise"

Fr JT Woods, Book of Instructions 1870



Many young women joined Mary and by 1871, 120 Sisters
were ministering in schools,
orphanages, refuges for women,
visiting the sick, visiting gaols

... never seeing a need without trying to do something about it.



Opposition grew to the new, different religious order in Adelaide.

During a crisis in Adelaide in 1871

Mary was excommunicated.

She appealed to Rome in 1873 and returned with the Rule confirming central government.



In 1872

at the request of

Bishop Matthew Quinn

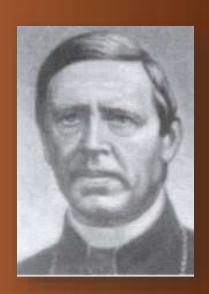


Mary had sent a community of Sisters to Perthville near Bathurst NSW





In 1876
as a result of conflict between



Mother Mary and Bishop Matthew Quinn concerning central government of the Order, all but two sisters and a group of postulants returned to Adelaide.



Sr Hyacinth Quinlan remained in Perthville, took responsibility for the formation of the young Irish women brought to Perthville by the bishop, and provided leadership to this diocesan group.

When Fr Woods returned to NSW in January 1877 from missionary work in Tasmania he assisted her.





Four young Sisters led by Sr Ambrose Joseph Dirkin arrived at Lochinvar in September 1883



First home of the Sisters at Lochinvar

We who have taken up their task must press on into each age as it unfolds in a like spirit of daring, strong in our commitment to love. Drawing on the past we will never take refuge in the past but in partnership with the Holy Spirit, we will confront the world of the future fearlessly and bend that future to the dynamic purpose of the Creator.

Constitutions of the Australian New Zealand Federation of Sisters of St Joseph

